

# Art – Andy Goldsworthy

nature	Things that would exist without humans. E.g. plants, rocks.
construction	The action of building something.
photographer	Someone that takes photos.
sculpture	The art of making something 3D.



## Sticky Knowledge:



- Andy Goldsworthy is famous for building sculptures out of natural materials in a natural setting.
- Andy Goldsworthy was also a photographer and environmentalist.



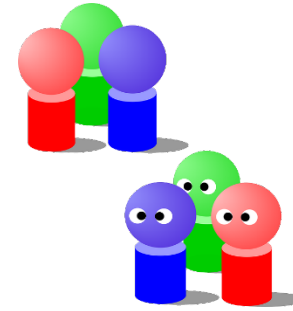
## Links to previous learning

### EYFS

We safely used and explored a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design and texture.

# Computing – Data Grouping

<b>computer</b>	A device that stores, finds, and processes data.
<b>group</b>	A number of things that can be put together as they have something the same/similar.
<b>data</b>	Information that can be used by a computer.
<b>process</b>	A series of steps to make something happen.
<b>attribute</b>	Something you can say an object has (such as size or colour) similar to a feature.



data handling



multimedia



E-Safety



## Sticky knowledge:

You can sort items on a computer to answer a question.

You can use a computer to choose an attribute to group objects by.

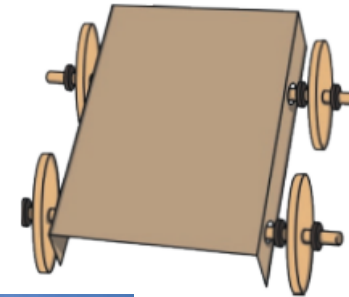
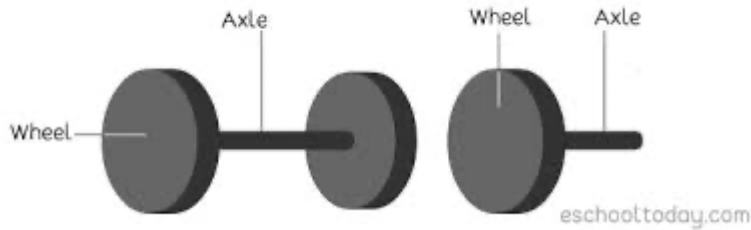


## Links to previous learning:

EYFS

We grouped/matched objects in a digital game.

# DT – The wheel



design



mechanisms

<b>product</b>	Something that is made.
<b>wheel</b>	A circular object that moves around an axle to move a vehicle.
<b>evaluate</b>	To judge/look at how something works.
<b>axels</b>	Something to hold the wheels in place on a vehicle.
<b>mechanism</b>	The parts that make something work.



## Sticky Knowledge

A wheel rotates around an axle to move.

An example of a wheel and axle mechanism is a bike or a Ferris wheel.



Links to previous learning

**EYFS**

We investigated how things were built and how they could be used.

# Geography – The UK

<b>global</b>	<b>Something concerning the whole world.</b>
<b>national</b>	<b>Something concerning a country/area rather than the whole world.</b>
<b>international</b>	<b>2 or more nations.</b>
<b>local</b>	<b>An area close to your neighbourhood or where someone lives.</b>
<b>birds-eye view</b>	<b>To look down on something, as a bird flying would see it.</b>
<b>map</b>	<b>A drawing or picture to show where things are.</b>



## Sticky Knowledge:

- 4 countries make up the UK.
- The UK is made up of England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.
- Ireland and Scotland have more rainfall than England.
- Scotland is colder than England.
- Famous landmarks in England are Big Ben and Tower Bridge.
- Scotland has a lot of castles.



## Links to previous learning

### EYFS

We used the bee bots to follow a basic map.

# History – Toys

<b>past</b>	<b>The past is something that has already happened.</b>
<b>compare</b>	<b>To look at the similarities and differences between 2 or more things.</b>
<b>present</b>	<b>The present is the time you are living right now.</b>



## Sticky Knowledge:

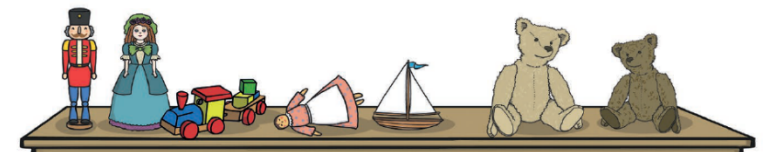
- Toys have changed over time due to changes in materials and technology.
- Old toys were often made from wood and sometimes tin.
- New toys are often made from plastic.



## Links to previous learning

### EYFS

We sequenced our lives as past, present and the future.



**1800s - Rich family**  
Children from rich families played with train sets, tea sets, dolls and toy soldiers.

**1800s - Poor family**  
Children from poor families played with homemade toys such as ragdolls and wooden boats.

**1902**  
In Germany, Richard Steiff based one of his toy designs on a bear he saw at the zoo. In 1902, the Steiff Company started making teddy bears.



**1903**  
Binney and Smith made a set of 8 wax crayons in 1903. Binney's wife named them Crayola.

**1907**  
The name Meccano was introduced and the first Meccano factory opened in Liverpool.

**1934 - 1949**  
Ole Kirk Christiansen called his toy company 'Lego' in 1939. The plastic blocks were made in 1949.

**1943**  
Richard James invented the slinky in 1943. It performed tricks such as walking down the stairs.



**1959**  
Ruth Handler invented the Barbie doll in 1959. She named the doll after her daughter, Barbara.

**1959**  
The Etch a Sketch was invented by André Cassagnes in 1959 and was introduced in the 1960s.

**1983**  
Chris Wiggs invented Polly Pocket for his daughter in 1983. They first appeared in shops in 1989.

**1989**  
The first Game Boy was developed by Nintendo and was released in Japan in 1989.

# Music – Andrew Lloyd Webber and Classic Vs Pop

<b>pop</b>	Pop music is easy to listen to and sing along with.
<b>classic</b>	Classical music is music written down by a person called a composer, in music notation, so that other musicians can play it. You will usually hear lots of different instruments in a classical song.
<b>non-standard symbol</b>	A symbol used to represent sound.
<b>genres</b>	Different musical styles.



## Sticky Knowledge:

A pop song that you would all know is:

‘Can’t stop this Feeling by Justin Timberlake’.

Andrew Lloyd Webber is an english composer who is particularly famous for musical theatre.



appraisal



genre



Links to previous learning

**EYFS**

We listened carefully and followed a rhythm.

# RE – Salvation

<b>Easter</b>	<b>A celebration when Christians give thanks for Jesus.</b>
<b>tomb</b>	<b>Somewhere where a person is buried.</b>
<b>Holy Week</b>	<b>The week leading up to Easter</b>
<b>resurrection</b>	<b>Christians belief of Jesus rising from the dead.</b>
<b>crucifixion</b>	<b>A way of killing people by nailing them to a cross.</b>
<b>incarnation</b>	<b>Putting on a body. (Christians believe Jesus was God in a human body.)</b>
<b>salvation</b>	<b>The belief of being saved by saying sorry for doing something wrong and believing in Jesus.</b>



Thinking & Reality



Community & Living



God & Believing



Religious Sources



## Sticky Knowledge:

Easter is very important in the 'big story' of the bible.

Christians believe Jesus rose again, giving people a hope of new life.

Holy Week and Easter are important Christian celebrations.



Links to previous learning

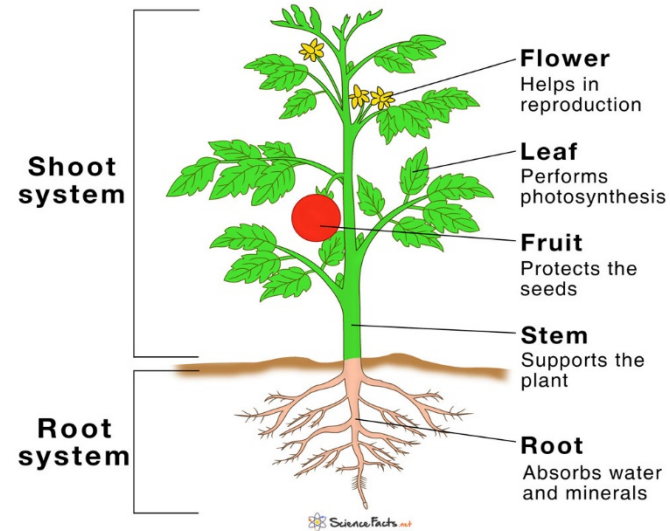
**EYFS**

**We learnt about the Easter story.**

# Science – Plants

<b>plant</b>	A living thing that grows from the soil and produces oxygen.
<b>garden</b>	A piece of ground where herbs, fruit, flowers or vegetables are grown.
<b>wild</b>	Living in nature without human care.
<b>label</b>	A name/description given to identify something.
<b>deciduous</b>	A type of tree that sheds leaves and loves the sun.

## Parts of a Plant



investigation



biology



### Sticky Knowledge:

A plant needs water, light and warmth to grow.

Did you know that when fruit grows, it contains the plants seeds?



Links to previous learning

**EYFS**

We grew and cared for a bean plant.